

No. 134. JULY-SEPTEMBER, 1923.

# "CONFIDENCE" 

EDITED BY
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Pittingion Vicarage, Difham, England.


Photo 2
HALLGARTH IN SUMMER TBME
(The Parish Church of Pittington; Durham,)
The foregrounc represents a hay-fiele. The Tower is more than 900 years oid. Nost of the Cnurer is much older
"This is the CONFIDENCE that we have in Him. that if we ask anything according to His will. He beareth us: And jí we know that He hear us, whatsoever we asik. We know that we have the petitions that we desired from Him."一1 /ohn 1 ., 14-55


ONE PENNY

## "Confidence" Subscription-Gifts for last Three Months.



## Printing and Expenses Account.



## THE TENTH GIVERS.

## Mars S:ow:

It was one Suncay af!ernoon iate in October. Abner an' l had been to meetin; an had itstened co a powerfu: sermon. The miniser hac iwo texts." "Fring ye all the tithes into the storehouse." "Honour the Lord with thy sustance, an with the fres: frusts of ail thine increase; so shaii thy barns be fllied with pienty." I always made it a cimt to remember the texts.
Abner is deacon of Alionviile's church. Trm his wife-Mary Snow my name is. Now, Abner an' i had denied our two seifs considerable to give our chiidren good schoolin', an when Mary graduated iast June, Abner sez to me, "Ahter we git the mortgage paid of we'll take life a litie easier; wont we, mother?" Abner was a carpenter most of the time; but we hac considerabie of a farm. 'nough to raise all our garden stufi an' apples an corn an pertaters. We keep a cow an horse, an' 1 bad fifty hens.
I remember jest as plain as day where we sei that Sundiay afternoon. 'Twas a litie cooishs, an Abner hac built a fre in the settin' roon firepiace. I set by the front window a iookin' over the Sunday School lesson for nex: Sunday. An' Abner had set still there in front of that firepiace for upwards of twenty-nive minutes. That sermon was the cause of it, I knew. I'd been on the p'int of speakin" bout that sermon sev'ral times while 1 set there, but 1 kept stiii a hopin' the seed was takin' root in Abner's heart. After a seed is sowed. ye cant heip it in any by putterin with it.
Now I'd been lookin forward an-my married life, thirty odid year, to the time when we could give somethin to the heathen. I tell ye why. When 1 was a little girl, a missionary lady from India was a caliin' on my mother, and she said. "You must send this little giri to India sometime." Then my mother put her hand on my head an said, "I wish she was ready to go now.". An" my litie beart seemed to fill right up full of love for he heathen, an' if I had had the world, I would
have given it 10 that missionary lady to take back to lnda wiin iner. I never shall forget the feein's I felt that day. An' I loved the heathen from that diny to this.

Abner rever said a word agin' my givin' to our church. an he always give wenty-five dollars a year for the minisier's pay, an sometimes too when we hadn's a whoie white tablecioth in the housc. But, as I said, I see that Abner was thinkin' 'bout that sermon. I wish ye could have heard that sermon. Tine minister made it jest as plain as day we shouid give a tenth of ali our income to the Lord. Sez he, "The nine-tenths witi go further if we give the onetemh. It is one of Goc's laws, and we shali grow more spiritual if wegwe it. I inow of a lot of foiks as have naci it. an l never knew a person that didn't get along better by giving that tenth.: Sez he, "There are thonsands a Iryin' it to-day. an they ati like it. The ththe is the Lord's. We owe it to Him; an' if we give to the church; the poor, an: the hea:hen we pay the Lord that way:" Sez he again. "Ef ye are in debi, ye il pay the deb: easier ef ye pay the tenth fust. Men have told me so. an I beijeve it cause I've iried is."

An' he did speak so beautiful 'bout how much better we should feel; we should love one another better, love the church an" heathen better ef we was a givatt them something. His words sunk very deep into my heart, very, but I didn't know how Abner took em. Prelty soon Abner laid down his paper, an" he said, "Mother, l don't see jest how it can be done!"

Now, jest as soon as he said mother in that tender kind of a way, I knew is would de done. Fut I kep: back my gladness an' s'prise, an' sez I, "What can't be cone, father?"
"Why, how can we give a tenth of all we got to the Lord an' pay off that mortgage? No, it can't be done.

Sez I, "The minister didn't say we must give a tenth of the old place, the cow an the hens, but kinder 'vised to try the plan, an' lay by a tenth of all we earn, for the Lord's work."
(Contluued on page 96.)
 reccived in Subscription-Gifis to meet (or nearly meet) the expenses. (See opposite pagre.)

# "CONFIDENCE." 

No. 134. PITTINGTON, DURHAM.

July-Sept., 1923.
To Editors and others.-Any matter in this Paper may be re-pristed on condition that full acknowiedgment is made thus:-"From 'Confidence,' Pittington, Durham."

"JESUS HIMSELF DREW NEAR."<br>St. Luke arizi., f. and 1 G .

1 lay upon a bed of pain, Tortured and racked and worn, And as the fevered hours fedi or: My soul grew nore foriorn;
"How cat I bear bin raching pain?" Ny beart cried oni in fedr.
Then, sofuy through the gathering gioon: fests Himseli drew near.
I sught of Friendsbip's sootimg baim. Aminss the biins and patre:
Sne came, and held my thrsty suai Cap:ive beneath her ciatins:
And then she lef: me desolate, Bereft of every cheer.
Eut softiv on the barret: hills jesus himself drew near.
1 ieft Him, rebel-iike to cimb
The giocy heighis of Fame,
Nothing $]$ fond bua vain apolause.
Tien Night and shadows came:
And still unsatisifed, mine eye
Suec many a bitter tear.
But patientiy-hana patientiy-
Jesus finiself drew near.

And Wealth passed by-a glittering King Respiendent in his Crown.
He pempled me with place and power, Houd I his kingship own?
Wa, mating on the lowiy One Who chese the Manger direar,
1 maned-for foosteps passed ny way, ifens Himself drew near.
1 gathered ficwers in mands, if stened my soui in Art,
1 offerte incense at the shrine Of Love, unit the smart
Of shaterec confidence and trust Changed all my hopes to fear.
Then smiiing, sure of victory now, jesus Himself direw near.
"My cinic, you (houlgin to find apart From Me Lifé: jo and baim.
Yet all these things apar: from Me Must bing bu: loss and harm;
With Me forever by thy side. 'All things' are good and dear."
"Lord, I beileve! forever more lesus Tinscif draw near!"

Ruth Salwey:
1 Cor. ioi., $2=3$.

## Church of England Healing Mission in Australia.

## SCENES AT MELBOURNE.

("Argus," Sat., 10;3:23.)
Yesterday St. Paul's Cathecrai was the scene of a remarlable and pathetic demonstration of fath by hundreds of sick and crippied people. The Cathedrai was crowdec with the maimed, the halt, the blind. Three hours later it was claimed that at least half a dozen cures had taken place. One of these was Mrs. Paton, of Oxford Street, Oakleigh, who walked brishiy out of the Cathearal with a walking stich under her arm, and was greeted by a circle of delighted friends. She toid the Church authorities that she had been unable to wall without the aid of a stick for six years, and that she was able to make the journey into the Cathedral only with the assistance of a friend, who helped
her to enter a motor car. The second case was ar ole man. Mr. T. Haroour, of inkerman Street, St. Kilda. He said he had been deaf iwo and a half years, and that his hearing had been restored in the Cathedral. He was able to hear quite weli.
The third was a young lady who had been crippied with spinal neuritis for five years. She was able to discard her stick and wall from the Cathedral.

## A Picture of Suffering at Melbourne Exhibition Building.

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\text { ("Heraid," } 15,3 ; 23 \text {.) }
$$

Memories of pageants, of concerts; of great communit displays , came to mind this morning by force of contrast at the sight of the huge audience of over 2000 gathered at the Exhibition Building this morning for the final healing service of Mr. Hichson.

## (Church of England Healing Mission In Australiacontinued.)

There was spread out before the cyes the awful wrechage of a city, a heritage and product of the worst side of our civilisation. It was a sight to strike the heart with pity.

The sick lay or sat in long, parallel rows, wide enough to give free passage to Mr. Hick: son in his ministrations. In a side room, fitted up as a chapel, earnest intercessors prayed in a deathlife stillness. Mr. Hiclison appeared on the platform with several clergy in surplices, Archbishop Lees and Dean Hart among them. On the table the pastoral staff of the Archbishop was laid.

Before the actual service began it was announced by the Rev. Roscoe Wilson that on Tuesday next, at $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. , there would be a Thanksgiving Service at St. Paul's Cathedral, at which testimony of cures would be given.

Mr. Hickson spole much more shortiy than usual, owing to the tremendous task before him. He emphasised the importance of healing as an adjunct to the Church, while warning the peopic that it was on'y a mears to sr end. It was the conclusion of the special services, he said, but only the beginning of the real work. A Church was not real unless it was a heaing Church.

THE WATCHWORD.
"Hold firm; go forward; compiete what you have begun," was the watchword he gave. After prayer by the Archbishop, and the singing of a hymn, the task of touching and praying over nearly 2000 patients was begun. A few seconds only could be spared to each as down the long lines of pain the missioner hurried, followed by the Archbishop and other priests to give the customary blessing.

PAINFCL NCIDENTS.
IMBECILES FRIGHTENED.
There were painful incidents. An imbeciic girl, terror-stricken, hid behind the woman who had brought her, and fought madiy away. The girl ran, but, undaunted, the missioncr followed and ministered to her. These imbecile cases show aimost invariabiy the same maniiestations of terrot and abhorrence at Mir. Hickson's approach. Not much imagination is necessary to bring the thought that here indeed dwelis an evil thing, that cringes and fights at the approach of its enemy-Good.

One man had no card, but had himself wheeied to the builiding in the hope that he would not be rejected. Nor was he. His delight was a tribute to his faith.

As the urgent cases came to an end, the long lines of sitting cases were attached. Here a touching sight was presented. A biaci: mass of people that numbered every denomination, incluaing the gay red of the Saivation Army bonnet and collar, was hushed in reverent prayer. Not one looked up with curiosity as the missioner approached. Several fell to their knees, praying as he passed. All heads were bowed. Only upright, every few yards, were the black-cassocked figures of priests, and the white purity of the nursing sisters, like beacons. The priests prayed in low tone, each for his own section, and oblivious of his neighbour clergyman.

IMPRESSIVE SPECTACLE.
These little continuous circles of intercessors were wonderfully impressive. It was evident that in his work the missioner was helped by the concentrated petitions of those hundreds of believers.
Hundreds of people clustered round the doors, peering in on the off-chance of seeing a miracle.

## Chorus of Thanksgiving. <br> Testimony to Healing.

Archbishol gives Simple Message.
("Herald," 20/3/23.)
"Let us be franl:. We have seen something we scarcely expected to see. But it is true. 1 am thankful for the lacls of extravagance and hysteria in the testimonies that have been given. There has been no touching up of the portrait. Y'ou have heard a plain, unvarnished taie that doubles the weight of the witness."
D. . Lees, the Archbishop, used thesc woras at the opening of his adoress at the service of Thanksgiving of the sich, held this morning at the Cathedral, Melbourne.
There was an enormous press of worshippers, Lidy Forster occunying the Vice-regal pew. To emprisise the scope of the mission there were tiresent, in fuli canonicals, over 50 of the metropoitian and country ciergy, who adoed to the soiemn impressiveness of the scene in the dim Cathecral. A few invalid chairs held paticnts whose lach of instantaneous cure was no bar to their coming to return thanks for something they had gained from the Mission. One tiny chijo lay in her long perambulator in the chancci, greeted smilingly by the Archbishop and other clerg:

## SPIRIT OF THE SERVICE.

The choir marched through the west door to the strains of the 122 nd Psalm, but, apart from an anthem in which some beautiful words. written in the 16 th century, were sung with exquisite effect, the choir took no further part: the hymns being sung by the immense congregation. The anthem so exactly echoed the spirit of the service, and is so beautiful in itself, that the words which have so stood the test of time must be quoted.
"God be in my head; and in my under. standing.
God be in mine eyes; and in my looking.
God be in my mouth; and in my speaking.
God be in my heart; and in my thinhing.
God be in mine end; and at my departing."
The Archbishon read the words of the 126th Psaim, which was a fitting text from which to preach his Thanksgiving sermon.
"When the Lord turned again the captivity of Zion , we were like them that dream.
"Then was our mouth filled with laughter and our tongue with singing.
". . The Lord hath done great things for us; whereof we are glad."
"Say what you will," said the Archbishop, "these things you have heard to-day are data, scientific data, which cannot be got over. Different accounts of their origin can be given, but we should not quarrel over that so long as
all the channels lead utrimately to God. We are not here to gain kujos for the Church, roor to pack empty pews, but to pick up a broken thread, to glorify God." With sudden resonance the preacher quoted, "The Lord hath done great things for us. and we are glad." "If the Lord hath healed you," he appealed, "say so. We lose what we don't bear witness to. We have been criticised, but no great thing is ever done without criticism. The work of God will withstand opposition. You can never sow without tears, but 'they that sow in tears shall reap in joy.' We should hold on for that day, our prayer continualiy, 'Lord, help our unbcief.'

The service concluded with the singing of the "Te Deum" by the whole congregation, after which the clergy fied out.

From the pulpit the Rev. Roscoe Wilson read extracts from a few of the many hundreds of letters reccived from sufferers.

A Merhodist, in her leter, asked God to biess the Church of Englanc, and the work it is periorming. "To me," she wrote, "the work secmed incredibic. My side had been crushed in an accibentand Gesple at the hamess and attention of my coctors, they could not heip me beyond a ceriain point. At the Catheorai service I walké toward the aitar. euffering agonies of anxiety as to how Goe wouic answer me.
"At the touch of Mr. Hicison's sirong fingers upon my head 1 experienced instantaneous relief. I have since lived in dread that the internal pressure of pain would return, but it has no: done so. 1 feel like the siaves of America must thave feit wher they were freed from bonćage."

## CHENIST VERIFIES CURE.

A chemist wrote expressing his astonishment at the cuting by faith of one of his customers, a giri, who suficred from severe goitre. Her pain anc throatal trombies had since departed, and to him. he saic, the remarhable cure was proof positive of the power and wonder of the missioner's heaing touch.

For 25 years another man had been crippled through sciatica, and had been nearly biind. The last five years had been spent on crutches or in a bath chair.

After atiending Mr. Hickson's service he went home and found he could walk unaided across the room. Aiso. his sight is returning.

Six persons all testified to improvement in hearing.

A ciergyman's letter stated that for 28 years he had been deaf in one ear. In 1921 he paid tinree visits to a Melbourne speciailst. but was toid that the internal tube of the ear had collapsed. anc that, in ail probability, he would be deaf for life. After his visit to the firsi mission service he distinctiy heard the ticking of a watch with the ear. Since then his ear had largely recovered its functions.

## SPINAL KELRITIS.

Julia H. testified to having been cured of deep-seated spinal neuritis and continued physical pain. After attending the mission she found that the pain had departed, and that she could discard the use of sticks for walking.
For the first time in seven years, Johanna R. claimed, she was now free from distressing
pain, and was entirely cured of serious spinal trouble.
Another testimony was written by a woman, aged 24, who travelled many miles to attend the second mission service. From birth she had suffered from hip trouble, which had also made one of her legs shorter than the other. She had always had to wear a special surgical boot to enable her to wall, but after attending the Exhibition service, she stated, her hip trouble had ceased, she had discarded that surgical boot, and sould wall with hardly any sign of a limp.
Other letters testified to cures from paralysis, facial distortion due to strokes, catarrh, tuber. culosis, rheumatism, and other complaints. A still greater number of letters, however, gave testimony not of physical, but of spiritual healing. • Stili praying and hoping for physical restoration, the writers gave blessings to God for their changed outlook on life, their freedom from anxicty and nervous exhaustion, and, again, ireedom from vice and temptation.

Dcan Hart, in a short address, stated that as a fesult of the mission there was rejoicing now in many fomes where previously joy had been dulled ny pain and deformity.
"The wonder of each case," he said, "was seli-multipiec, and was carrying on the work of faitri and peayer. Although many testimonice tad been reccived, the Church nad not soupht them. Had tnis been oone an enormous number conld have been obtained from the clergy themseives. It was necessary, he said, for ali to remember that the promise of God was that in answer to united prayer and faith the sick would be healed.

## The Evening Service.

## (Mclinournc "Age," 21/3/23.

In the evening a simitar service was held. The Cathecrai was again crowded. Further testimonies were read from subjects as to the efricacy of the mission. Cases of ali descriotions were cjaimed to have been cured. In one case a man of 23 years stated that he had suffered from spinal trouble almost since birth, but since the laying on of hands he had felt better in every way. In his adiress Arcinbishop Lees said the Church was not seching to boister up the mission; they were not afraid to open all bolts and let in the light; they had no axe to grind, nor were they making money from it. This was not an exinibition of physical and spiritual conjuring trichs. It was the Lord's branding mark on His flock. The ciergy had been calici raving lunatics, and their work described as "damnable." The secret of the opposition and criticism was that peopic were startied and frightened out of ther wits because they saw, after years oi oblivion on their part, that Curist was really alive at the present day. The Church to day was but iighting a candle. The work would be carried on.

Archoeacon Hindiey said the Church did not depend on Mr. Hickson for heaiing. The prayers of faith would heal the sich. It was possible for the Church, as a Church, to undertake a healing mission. The cases were not, as it had been alleged, all nerve cases, although
(Continued on page 95.)

# "CONFIDENCE." 

July-September, 1923.

Editor-<br>Alex. A. Boddy, Vicar of Pittington,

NOTE.-Gifts are acknowledged upon the inside of the front cover. Brilish Letters requesting a reply should contain a siamped directed envelope. The Editor is not able alway's to answer letlers as he has other duties.

## WHY SIN MUST BE GOT RID OF.

There are thee defintions of sin in the New Testamen:-1. Sir is the tramsgression of tise law (1 lona iii.. 4); 2, Whatsoever is not of faith is sin (Rom. xit.. 23: 3, To him that knoweth to do good anc doeth it not, it is sit (]amesir., 17). Si. Paui i: Romans vii., 20, 21, confirms the truth of these definitions. He finds that with his mind he wishes and does serve the law of God (verse 25), but there is something within him that prevents him doing it, and that is sin, and the law of sin is deatn. "The soul that simneth. it must die," and our Lord told his disciples the same truth in other words. He said, "From within proceed evil thoughts and evil things, and defile the man" (Marik vii., 21-23).

Bible definitions are very clear and sharp. There is a clear dividing line. Life-death. Light-dariness. Lovehate. The truth-the lie. There may be degrees of either, but no mixture. The Oid Testament types clearly show this. "Seed after its own kind" was God's law in creation. No mixture of cotton and wool; no harnessing together an ox and an ass for work. Everything approaching God or used in His service must be pure. In the New Testament it is called "double-mindedness" (James i., 8); "spiritual adulter:" (James iv., 4). In short, good and evil cannot exist together. The works of the flesh and the fruit of the Spirit are diametrically opposed. Where there is conflict, there cannot be perfect peace. Galatians v., 21 is very plain to all who will believe it.

It is extraordinary that man uses his
commonsense in the natural world and plants or sows exactly what he wishes to reap--good seed brings good resultsbut that commonsense seems to be set entirely aside in spiritual matters. "Be not deceived; God is not mocked." God has given one supreme test of our condition. Love is the great test. No gifts or any other thing can take its place or is a safe guide. I Corinthians xiii. embodies the truth of this. 1 John iii. 14 tells us how we can know that we have passed from death unto life, and how many are longing for that assurance. Here it is"We love the brethren." Do we? "All the law is fulfilled in one word, even in this, Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself" (Gal. $\because, 14$ ). "If a man say, I love God, and hateth his brother, he is a liar: for he that loveth not his brother whom he bath seen, how can he love God "Whom he hath not seen?" (1 John iv. 20). "God is love; he that duelleth in love dwelleth in God. and God in Him" (1) Jonn ir., $16 \%$.

So the first step to tetaken in order to be filled with the Holy Ghost is to "repent," or change our mind about this question of sin.

A very brief examination of our own heart and mind will soon discover to us whether we are in accord or harmony with Goi's Word on this subject. Thank God there is a way of escape, but only one way. "I thank God through Jesus Christ." He is the Way. "God, sending His own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh, and for sin, condemned (judged) $\sin$ in the fiesh: (Rom. viii., 3).

Sin received its death blow on Calvary, for "our old man was crucified with Himi, that the body of sin might be destroyed, that henceforth we should not serve sin" (Rom. vi., 6). This "change of minc" involves our complete willingness to forgive others, for it is only on condition that we do this that God forgives us. Read St. Matthew xviii., from verse 21, on the subject of forgiveness. Forgive-For-give-is not only to forgive in the common acceptance of the word, but it is to give for, good for evil, blessing for cursing-a life given for others, a life of happy service-a servant, no longer of $\sin$, but of the Christ within us Who works both the willing and the doing of His good pleasure in a heart that is free to serve and love.

A poor little woman was once asked what it was that made her whole face and being radiant with love and light. Her outward circumstances and home life were very hard. She replied that having one day felt utterly weary and depressed, she prayed the Lord to show her how to overcome and be a help to those around. To her surprise she received the answer, "Have a single eve." She realised by the Spirit's revelation that this meant she must see nothing but God in herself and around her. She found that as she did this everything became changed, every trial was blessed and became a source of strength and increased knowledge of God's love and power and continual thought of her. How much we are learning in these days from the ciscovery of the infinite possibilities of eiectricity and the unseen realms of nature! Men are discovering what has aiways been there. A few and everincreasing mumber are crivg time, money, and hife io increase bins knowledge and iavent instruments that can utiise this power.

There are, thank God, an ever-increasing number oi men and women who are discovering through faith and patience the infinite resources and power of God, the "power of an endiess life," an endless life of power-the endiess power of life. The Lord only wants the instruments or vessels meer for His use. Those who will "listen in" and then broadcast the woncerful new's of harmony and joy and peace, and so fill us and transform us that we shall be so radiated with light and glory that the mortal will be swallowed up in iife, and we shall overcome even the last great enemy, and be translated, or share in the first resurrection. It is here and now the work bas to be done in the minds and hearts and bodies of those who will "reckon themselves dead indeed unto sin and alive unto God through Jesus Christ our Lord:" He has deali with $\sin$ and disease and Satan's power. Let us leave these things behind and "press on to the high calling of God," and apprenend that for which we have been apprehended.
"I thank Thee I am not mine own, But have to live in Thee alone; Each passing day, each passing hour, To live in Thy great power. Whateier to-day, to-morrow brings, 'Tis all Thine Hand, Thine orderings.
J. Williams.

This position alone will bring unity"One body, one spirit, one Lord, one faith, one baptism, one God who is over all, in all, and through all." Uniformity will be seen when Jesus comes, "for we shall be like Him."

Some of our readers may say, what of the gifts? We reply, the great God of Love will not fail to give us gifts.

> M.B.

The Editor of "Confidence" journeyed from Pittington Vicarage to Sunderland recently to be present at the "Admission" of his successor, Rev. Harry Saxton, as the new Vicar of Ail Saints', Monkwearmouth. Mr. Saxton, we believe, will be greatiy blessed. He is a man of God, a lover of souls, and one who believes heartily in prayer.

The Bishop at the service spoke kindly of the work of Rev. A. A. Bodid, now terminated, as "a faithful and loving ministry extending over a whole generation." 'The writer feit it very touching to return 10 the scene of so much blessing, and to find so many, affectionate friends eager to shake hands again. It was a privilege to join in such a beautiful and earnest service. Everyone took part; the whole congregation worshipped. He had, in the past, always emphasised the blessings of real, congregational worship, led in that Church by one of the best and most faithful of choirs.

## (Church of England Healing Mission in Australiacontinued from page 93.)

there were none more intractabie to science than nerve cases. Others had said it was suggestion. If they knew anything they would not say that. If a patient hac anything in his conscious mind that affected the health of his body, it became naturally part of his unconscious mind. It was out of all control. Those who said it was suggestion saw only the surface of the matter. Suggestion did not appiy. The Dean cited a case in which a lunatic was cured, and another in which a baby had been saved. Whatever was done was the work of God. It was being revealed that God heals in response to prayers. Only the beginning and end of the, process were known. "We pray; He heals." The work had been willingly taken up by other denominations, and it would be a big step towards spiritual reunion. All the Christian Church of Melbourne was behind the movement.

## (The Tenth Glvers - continued from page 90.)

"But we've got to pay off"that mortgage this year," sez"he, "an" my overcoat is dreadful worn; an' mother, I'd laid out 10 get ye a new dress 'bout Chrisimas time."

When he spoke 'bout the dress I jest got up an' went over an' stood behind his chair an'smoothed his hair. I wanted to kiss him, but we'd been so busy a lookin' after our children all our lives that we'd kinder got out of the notion of kissin', 'cept when we was goin' off somewhere. I had 10 wipe my glasses two or three times while standin there, I felt such tender feelin's for Abner.

As I say, I stood there a smoothing Abner's hair an a prayin' when this idea came to mean' sez I, "Father, let's try that tenth pian this year. We'il have two boxes. In one of 'ens we will put a tenth of all our earnings; in tother, we will put all we can save from our livin' to pay off the mortgage. An' we won't open the boxes till a vear from now, an' see then 'bont givin' the tenth. I'll fix up your overcoat, sponge it an' ine it new, an' I'll colour my aress agin an' well git along this winter. Fatier, I should like to ty that tenth plan dreadful well."

Abmer dion'l say nather for at much at a wo minutes; lien he riz ub, turned aroumd. an took me righ into bis fong. lovin' arms an' kissed me. Then we both cried a bitlie out of iove an' swmpathy an' thankfuntss 'cause Abner an' I thougnt se nuch of each other. When ye degin to give, $y$ begin 10 iove.

Then Abner sez. "Mary yéve deen a good wife to me an' as gooci a mo:her to the chidiren as ever livec, an lii ien re nave your way this vear seein we ain': agoin' to open the boxes for a year; an' ef we an't go: nougi for the mortgage we'llake some of the tentimoney.:

Sow, I jes: wish 1 conld teli ye the way we prospered inat fusi tenth vear. If dis beat all. An' we was so happy together. Aoner an' I, seemed as ef we d jest go: marriec. An'l lay it all to that Tenth Box. We soid fity dollars* worth of apples an' pertaters that Fail. Ari' Abner had work most all the rear. Seemed as ef everybody wanted some lintie carpenterin done that winter. An' such a prosperin' summer as we did have that year; that cow of ourn, seemed as ef she give twice as much milk as before, an' the hens never laid any better. (I had egg an' butter money.) J used to talk to the cow and hens 'bour our two boxes. an' seemed as ef they uried to do their jevel bes:.

That summer a iady from New lork hired one of my rooms, an' give me a coilar a week an' fifty cents for the washin an l saved all tha:. Them boxes seemed very near to us. very. Abner an' I used to heft 'em every littie whiie; sometimes one was heaviest, sometimes tother. But aimosi afore we knew it October haci come again. We was giad to have in cause Aoner an' I both hadgot considerable anxious bout tiem boxes. We was agitated when we set down to open them. We took the tenth box fust an' begun to coumt. an' we counted an' counted, an' jesi think ofit, we had sixty-three collars in that box! An' we paid just the same to the minister, cause Abner said it was a necessary expense. (He'd always give that without the Tenth Box an' he always should.) Then we opened the mortgage box an found in that seventy-three dollars and our mortgage wasn't but seventy-five.

Then Abner sez." We shan't have to take much

* A dollar in British money is generally aboul 4;-.
out of the tenth box, shali we, mother?"
I looked at him kinder sprised, an'l sez, "Abner, jest think of all our marcies this past year-the apples, the milk, an" how them hens have laid."

Then we both set still for about three minutes. I knew the Lord was a talkin' to Abner, an sometimes a wife sez more ef she don't say anything. I wan't goin' to say anything more anyway. But pretty soon Abner took five dollars out of the mortgage box an' put in the tenth box, an' sez, "S'pose you'd even up this way, wouldn't ye, mother?"
"Yes," sez I; "we've had good measure, and our barns are filled with plemty this year." And then I patted his hand, I was so glad. "We'il let the rest of the mortgage go till next year," sez 1 .

The next evening we took the money over to the minister's house an' told him what wed done, an' asked him what we better do with the money. We did have such a comfortin' an' upliftin' taik with that man and his wife. We liked them fust rate, and they seemed to like Abner an' l. He seemed surprised cause wed minded his sermon, and real pleased too, I thought, by the way he jootec. He acivised us bout the moner and we went home. Wa-al, the next Sunday we had another powerful strmon on giving. The texi was, "Give and it shall be given unlo you; good measure, pressed down, shaken togetner, anc funning over. shall men give into your bosom. For with the same measure ye mete withal it shail be measured to you again."

Then he toic what Abner an I had done, but didn't cal: no names. Abner liked the sermon fust rate, I coulc tell by the way he set in the pew. After the minister gol through his sermon. sez he, "Ain't there ten persons here this morning thatlif iry this tenth pian one vear?"
We all waited a minute, anc wiow Cummins riz up. She did piain sewing for a living, and went out a doing housework a few weeks everg year. We ail knew she hadn't anyting but what she earned, and had hard work: some months to pay her rent.

Then the squire riz up-he was the richest man in the church, so folks said-and they kept on rising till there was fifteen of them. 'Course Abner an' I riz up too. Then the minister sez, "Next year bout inis time we wili meet and open our boxes and count our money."

Now, I can't begin to tell ye of the prosperity of Altonvile's church that vear. It was truiv amazing. We never found it so eass to get the minister's salary as we did that year. Abner and l kept a givin an' a savin, an the more we had to sive the more we had to save. Why! we pu: upwards of one bundred doilars in the bank that year. and to our churcil and otherwise one bundred and twen:y-six doblars.

We Tenth Givers seemed to love each other pest like brotners an" sisters. There wasn't nothin we wouldit do for each other. That was a pretty short year with all of us, 'cause we was servin the Lord with gladness. It didn't seem more'n six months when we met to open them boxes.

Wa-al, 'bout the money. When we come to count it all together we got eight hundred dollars for missions. We were all dreadful took back, 'cause that was two hundred dollars more'n we ever paid our minister. We found it pretty hard to git his six hundred dollars some years. Then Deacon Haskel (he was one of the Tenth

Givers) riz up, an' sez be-"1 move we pay our minister eight hundred dollars next year."

I wish you could have heard them "Amens." There wasn't no need to vote the way them Amens sounded. An' the minister was so took back with surprise $\mathrm{an}^{\prime}$ gladness, he shed tears right there in that meetin'. Then we sung-
"Blest be the ije that binds Our bearts in Christian love."
An' there wan't a dry eye in that room, as I could see. We closed that meetin' with the blessedest prayer meelin' we had for years.

That was five years ago. Now we pay our minister a thousand dollars a ycar, an give pretty near as much as that every year to mitsions. An' we built a parsonage, an"are sending two young men to school so they can be missionaries. An' a good many have joined the Tenth Givers. Tain't long after they jine the Tenth Givers before they show their love for the church. W'ben ye begin to give, ye begin to love. Ye can't give to the Lord 'thout loving Hini. It's jest as natural as for a mother to iove ber chiidren. An if ye iove the Lord yell wan: to give Him the very best ye'vego:

Abner an' I have larnt anci read a jot abou: missions the past five years. an we mean to keep on honourin the Lord witi, our subsiance. We know we shall love Him all the more ef we do. An" we know too, it's true, as Jesus said, "It is more biessed to give than to receive,: 'canse Abner an' I have tried it.
(This siory of "Tithing" is worth keeping and rading again. Aiso good to lend to somevne eisc.)

## PERSONAL ITEMS.

At Pittington Parish Church ("Hallgarth") the beipful, bright services continue to be well attended, especially on the Sunday evenings. Feople from a litule distance like the walk. A "Visitors" Book" is near the door for thase who come to see the wonderful old Church. Visitors from U.S.A., Canada, East Africa, Lancashire, etc., have signed it recently. The Editor's daughter, Mary Vazeille, is to be married (D.v.) on August loth to Rev. W. R. O. Taylor, B.A., in this ancient and beautiful Church.

Bro. V"m. Bernard, formerly of Liverpool, writes hopefully from Groote U'eg 29, Temanggoang, Java (Dutch E. Indies): "I am very happy in $m y$ work here, and have not had a day's iliness since l arrived. My wife (Mrs. Polman's sister) is also very hapoy in her old sphere of service, and is greatiy appreciated. My four dear little daughters are also well and happy. May you have as much blessing at Pillington as rou had at All Sainis', Monkwearmouth."

Pastor A. H. Carter (12 South-Hill Park Gardens, Hampstead, London. N.W. 3) has issued now a report of the "Pentecost" Bible Training Home for ilen. Subscribers and all interested are ashed to send a stamped adoressed envelope.

The nex: issut of "Confidence" musi depend upon the lose-gíts of our readers. (Note financial s:atement on page 90. )

# THE PENTECOSTAL MISSIONARY UNION. <br> (FOR GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND.) 

President: Mr. Cecil Polhill.
Members of Councit: Res. A. A. Bodig. Mrs. Crisp. Mr. II. Glassby, Pastor Biackman, Mr. J. H. Duncan. Mr. E. ]. G. Titieringion, M.A., Res. Dr. Midictoi. Hon. Treas.: Mr. E. W. Moser. Hon. Scc.: Mr. T. H. Mundeli (30 Avondale Road, Croydon).

MISSIONARIES. China.-Vunnan-fu: Mr. and Mrs. D. Leign; Mr. Raiph Capper. Rev. A. A. and Mrs. Swift (Associates); Mrs. Trevitt, Misses Cook, Alice T. Waidon, S. Hodgetis, E. Kneli. Gladys Eaton, Hannah Rees, F. Ives, and Jane Viliams; Mr. D. F. Wiliams. Likiang-fu: Mr. and Mrs. P. Klaver, Miss E. Scharten, and Mr. J. H. Andrews. Tibet Border, Heihsi: Mr. A. Lewer, Miss G. Agar (Associate). On Furiough: Mr. J. IV. Bovd and Miss J. Biggs:

Africa.-Belgian Congo: Mr. and Mrs. A. Richardison, Miss N. Noad, Miss M. A. Anderson, Mr. F. Adams, Mr. G. Vale, and Mr. E. O. Eliis.

Solth America.-Central Brazil: Mr. and Mrs. Jameson. Pemambuco: Miss L. Johnson.

## Notes from our Hon. Sec.

The P.M.U. is sending out (D.v.) on the 9th August, by the Union Castle S.S. "Norman," to the Belgian Congo to join our Missionaries at Kalembe Lembe, another of our Training Home students, Mr. Edward O. Ellis, from Wales. He gave a stirring farewell message at Sion College last Friday evening from Acts ii. Will our friends please add our brother's name to their prayer list.

Our dear brother, Mr. Richardson, Kalembe Lembe, is suffering from a recent attack of olackwater fever, which has left him in a very weak condition, and he, with Mrs. Richardson and child, may have to return to England soon for a furlough. This attack followed a journey of about 200 miles which he, Mrs. Richardson, and our Brothers Adams and Vale, had taken, extending over nearly a month, visiting and preaching the Gospel. This dreaded fever is apparently somewhat prevalent in the Congo. In a descriptive


River Salween, sear Thet.
much the same. We continue to see evidences of His saving grace week: by week, and our hearts are greatly encouraged to see the good attendance at the meetings.

Just recently Mr. Leigh and I made a short trip
to fimin and lotsi.
We left the Capital on April 26 th, and after a heavy day of riding and walliting for about eleven hours, with rain most of the way, including three very heavy hail storms, we arrived at Fumin. We had only a smali escort for about 10 li (three miies) of the distance, which was roughly 80 i. On reaching the half-way house we met some solaiers, who were surprised when they saw that we had no escort, and said "Tan-tsita" more as "Dan-disir-dah," which meant that we were "very brave." He had not the eyes to see old heavenly escort.
lf bis eyes had been opened 1 ana positive that be would bave been more surnrised still. "Those that be for us are more than those that de against as." Hallelujah!

The next day we proceeded on 10 Lolsi. The weather was better, and again we traveiled on without soidiers. The scenery aiong this road was very beauliful, alihough it was very heavy going. Mr. Leigh believes it to be one of the worst roacis in Junnan. We had been cimoing most of the morning, but after a litic rest about noon, we started to clime up a very steep mountain, which took us over two hours to reach the top. It was very high. and one could see for miles in the distance. About nine or ten ranges couid be seen in one direction alone. Everyining seems so prety at this time of the year, as most fiowers, trees. and busbes are in bloom.

Aimost every viliage and bamlet spoke of THE PRESENCE OF BRIGANDS
in the country. Some places were aimost desertec. Houses bere and there have been burnt to the ground, and every village of any size has builh, or is building a watch-tower for self-protection. Everybody seems to move in fear, wondering what the next moment will bring forth, but we travelied witb hearts at peace. We know what it is to have that deep settled peace in the soul. and we are confident that none call separate us from the love of Christ.

We arrived at Lotsi after a journey of birteen hours, and although it had only just turned seven oclock, the
gates of the city were already shit, because of the fear of brigands, and after a balf-hour's wait outside we were admitted. We stayed there over the Saturiay and Sunday. On Sunday afternoon I had the privilege of baptising three of the members (women) in a pond outside the city. The onlookers were very reverent. There were others (about fourteen) who were desirous of being baptised, most of whom live long distances out in the country. $\because$ As the


[^0]letter we sent reached the evangelist late, they could not be notified in time, so we are sorry that they will have to wait till some later date. We have a blind evangelist at this station. He appears to be EARNEST IN THE WORK,
but the people of the city despise him because of bis infirmity. The chapel also in this place is rather on the small side. so we would covel your earnest prayers that God will raise us up another man who would be more suitable for this position. and that a better place for meetings might be securea.

On Monday, the 30 th , we returned to Fumin. We were given a good escort of soldiers for this journey. The weather was very hot, but the horses moved better after their two ades' rest, so we managed to get back in two hours less than what it took us to come.
On Tuesday, lst May, I had the joy again of baptising thref men and foler women in the river near the bridge. Some buncreds of peopie witnessed the scene. These Christians iruly had the opportunity of witnessing to the worid, for 1 feel sure that tifey would not foo through the waters of baptism unless they were ruly sincere in their new-found joy, and faili in jests.

A litie eariier in the day we baplised a young man who is a crippie in his home. He had been wating for baptism for about nine or ten vears. and at last his opportunity bas come. Altnough boti, of his legs are withered he is extremely happy in the love of Jesus, and reads the Word and sings mos: of his time. Piease pray for him also, io: Jesus is able to deiver him.

A sueciai service was heid for the Christians only in the evening. anc ones hearl was filied with praise to God to see the results of the work at this station. The Compel (wnici is not smali) was very well filied, and one could see that the majority of them still possessed their first love.

Descons and deaconesses
were selected at this service. Later we were kep: busy for quite a time attending to the sick. I noticed that most of them were suffering wilh their eyes.

On Wednesday, the 2nd of May, we left for the Capital, quite a number of the friends seeing us off fron one of the gates. About thirty soldiers left the cily about half an hour before we were reaciy. We learnt afterwards that they were our escort, but we did not see them again. After uraveling for about two hours inree men and a lad, dressed in civilian dress and having no arms. came up to Mr. Leigh and told him that
they were our escort.
They possessed a paper to this effect. We found out later that they were also supplied by the Hsien Cniang (magistrate) at Fumin, butl cannot see what use they would have been to us against a band of brigands.

During the day we had a litile rain, and there had been plenty during the previous night. This made the roads very slippery, and our baggage horse could not keep up with us. The sky was very dull, and there happened to be a large caravan on the road, so partly for safety, and also because we wanted to get back as soon as possible, we kept up with them. Our baggage horse was almost half an hour behind us at the half-way place, reaching there just as we were leaving. The man in charge did not stop there,
but followed on behind us. As we were crossing over a mountain about 30 li (ten miles) from the Capital, we

## noticed him down in the valley

below with a few other travellers, about twenty minutes behind us. This is the last we have seen of him or our goods. We heard afterwards that a band of brigands between seventy and eighty in number came down to the road about a mile or so further on, and captuted ten horses, men, and goods, including ours. We have both lost quite a lot of our kit, such as camp beds, bedding, clothing, and small kit, etc. Still we are able to praise the Lord, for we ourselves only
missed bfing captlered
by those few minutes that separated us. So instead of being somewhere in the wilds of Sunnan this evening, we are among our dear ones in the Capital. Hegives us grace sufficient to take joyfuliy the spoiling of our goods (Heb. x., 3位). Hallelujah!

Our Heavenly Father knows all about it and will, we are sure, send us a fresh supply, for "He


Tribal Folf.
abideth faithful." Amorg the arlicies taken are two Chinese New Testaments. Piease pray that if any of these men read them, God wiii cause THE WORDS OF l.IFF.
to enter into their hard hearts and bear forth much fruit in later years.

The horse used for our baggage beionged to a poor man in this city, who lent it to his neighbour for our trip. When he heard the news he wept bitterly. We told him that our God would undertake for him, and that we would remember him in prayer.

On the morrow iwo men were trying
TO SELL THIS HORSE
at a market some little distance outside the East Gate for the smali price of fifteen doliars (they usually sell at thirty to fifty). The police were suspicious, and spoke to these men about our robbery, and whilst they were in the midst of talking, who should come along but the father of the man who thad lost the horse. The two
(Pentecostal Missionary Unlon-China-conthaded.) men tried to run away, but were prevented, and are

## NOW JN PRISON.

This is only one small example of the way our God answers prayer.
Before closing I would like to mention that one notices the need for workers, both foreign and Chinese. The need is yery great in every quarter of our fiedo in Yunnan. Please unite with us, and pray that the Lord of the harvest will send reapers into His harvest.
Witi Christian love to you ali, and fervent thanks for your interest and prayer,

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Iam, } \\
\text { Yours in Him, Whom we love, } \\
\text { Ralph CAPPER. }
\end{gathered}
$$

P.M.U. S:ation, Yunnan-fu,

Junnan, S.W. China,
9th May, 1923.

The Pentecostal Missionary Uinon.

## ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Receipts and Paymenis Account for the year ending



On Curent Account
OF Jeposit Accouth
92111:


B. Ahowances to Alissumaries and
-
-. Mission Outfits and Passages

- Mission House Tents
., Buiioings Abroad


225905

$$
\Gamma
$$

Furnishing

Less Contributions for Board
,. Women's Training Home-
Maintenance. etc. ............

Total Missionary Expenses.

- Printing, Postage and Incidentais
$\because$ Rent of Training Home, since paid by Tenant
$\qquad$
$\begin{array}{ccc}33 & 9 & 6 \\ 495 & 9 & 6 \\ 105 & 0 & 0 \\ 104 & 1.3 & 6\end{array}$
.. Baiance at Bank (Dec. 3lsi)-

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { On Deposit Account } \\
\text { On Current Account }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{r}
369 \\
810 \\
81 \\
0
\end{array} 5 \\
& 45010.10 \\
& x+21138
\end{aligned}
$$

Note.- $£ 155$ was due to be remitted to Miss. ionaries early in January, and the balance on Deposit at Bank was held in reserve for the outfits and passages of outgoing Mlissionaries. for which purpose it had been contributed.
Ernest Wh. Moser, Hon. Treasurer.
I have audited the above Account, and certify that it is in accordance with the Books and Vouchers.

Herbert A. Cox, f.c.a.
(Hoodman, Cox \& Co., Cinartered Accountants) March 29th, 1923.

28, Basinghall Street, E.C. 2.

## List ol Contributions received during April, May, and June; 1923.



Receipt

## Special Gifts.

No.
4349 For Mr. \& Mrs. Leigh's furlough... 1000 4352 4380 For Mr. "Einis" outfit... ... ... 5.50 4395 For Mr. W. J. Boyd's passage ... 2200 4396 " $\quad, \quad$ ". .1000 4393 For Miss $V$. Bolton's outfit "... 9 o 4400 For Mir. \& Mrs. Klaver's furlough 500 £76 $19 \quad 0$
As many of our friends desire their gifts to be anonymous, the receipt number aione is given.
E. W. Moser, Hon. Treasurer (P.M.U.) "Hebron," St. David's Rd.,

Soutbsea.
Printed by R. W. Williams, Sunderland.
Published by Rev. A. A. Boddy, Pittiagton Vicarage,


[^0]:    Above the Clouds of the Borders of Tibet.

